VenUS II: a randomised controlled trial of larval therapy in the management of leg ulcers

Record Status
This is a bibliographic record of a published health technology assessment from a member of INAHTA. No evaluation of the quality of this assessment has been made for the HTA database.

Citation

Authors' conclusions
Study found that larval therapy significantly reduced the time to debridement of sloughy and/or necrotic chronic venous and mixed venous/arterial leg ulcers compared with hydrogel, but did not significantly increase the rate of healing. It was impossible to distinguish between larval therapy and hydrogel in terms of cost-effectiveness

Project page URL
http://www.hta.ac.uk/1339

INAHTA brief and checklist

Indexing Status
Subject indexing assigned by NLM

MeSH
Adult; Aged; Aged, 80 and over; Ambulatory Care; Animals; Cost-Benefit Analysis; Debridement /methods; Diptera; Female; Great Britains; Hydrogel /therapeutic use; Larva; Leg Ulcer /therapy; Male; Middle Aged; Treatment Outcome; Wound Healing; Young Adult

Language Published
English

Country of organisation
England

Address for correspondence
NETSCC, Health Technology Assessment, Alpha House, University of Southampton Science Park, Southampton, SO16 7NS UK Tel: +44 23 8059 5586 Email: hta@hta.ac.uk

AccessionNumber
32005001016

Date bibliographic record published
20/08/2005

Date abstract record published
20/08/2005