VenUS II: a randomised controlled trial of larval therapy in the management of leg ulcers

Record Status
This is a bibliographic record of a published health technology assessment from a member of INAHTA. No evaluation of the quality of this assessment has been made for the HTA database.

Citation

Authors' conclusions
Study found that larval therapy significantly reduced the time to debridement of sloughy and/or necrotic chronic venous and mixed venous/arterial leg ulcers compared with hydrogel, but did not significantly increase the rate of healing. It was impossible to distinguish between larval therapy and hydrogel in terms of cost-effectiveness.

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