Community-based multidisciplinary care for patients with stable chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD): an evidence-based analysis

Sikich N

Record Status
This is a bibliographic record of a published health technology assessment from a member of INAHTA. No evaluation of the quality of this assessment has been made for the HTA database.

Citation

Authors' objectives
The objective of this evidence-based analysis was to determine the effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of multidisciplinary care (MDC) compared with usual care (UC, single health care provider) for the treatment of stable chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD).

Authors' conclusions
Significant effect estimates with moderate quality of evidence were found for all-cause hospitalization, COPD-specific hospitalization, and COPD-specific ED visits (Table ES1). A significant estimate with low quality evidence was found for the outcome of quality of life (Table ES2). All other outcome measures were nonsignificant and supported by low or very low quality of evidence.

Final publication URL

Additional data URL
http://www.hqontario.ca/en/mas/mas_ohtas_tech_copd_mdc_20120313.html

Indexing Status
Subject indexing assigned by CRD

MeSH
Humans; Pulmonary Disease, Chronic Obstructive; Community Health Services; Patient Care Team

Language Published
English

Country of organisation
Canada

Province or state
Ontario

English summary
An English language summary is available.

Address for correspondence
Medical Advisory Secretariat, Ontario Ministry of Health and Long Term Care, 20 Dundas Street West, 10th Floor, Toronto, ON MSG 2N6 Canada Email: MASinfo.moh@ontario.ca

AccessionNumber